

## Homework/Extension

### Step 6: Partitioning

#### **National Curriculum Objectives:**

**Mathematics Year 4: (4N4a) [Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations](#)**

**Mathematics Year 4: (4N6) [Solve number and practical problems that involve 4N1 - 4N5 and with increasingly large positive numbers](#)**

#### **Differentiation:**

##### **Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Varied Fluency)**

**Developing** Identify which representation shows incorrect partitioning of a 4-digit number. Includes a variety of pictorial representations where each number has been partitioned once. Some use of unconventional partitioning. Pictorial representations are grouped together in place value order.

**Expected** Identify which representation shows incorrect partitioning of a 4-digit number. Includes a variety of pictorial representations with some instances of multiple examples of unconventional partitioning within a number.

**Greater Depth** Identify which representation shows incorrect partitioning of a 4-digit number. Uses some pictorial representations including multiple examples of unconventional partitioning within a number where the parts are not given in place value order.

##### **Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Varied Fluency)**

**Developing** Match the representations to the corresponding 4-digit numbers to find the odd one out. Includes a variety of pictorial representations where each number has been partitioned once. Some use of unconventional partitioning.

**Expected** Match the representations to the corresponding 4-digit numbers to find the odd one out. Includes a variety of pictorial representations with some instances of multiple examples of unconventional partitioning within a number.

**Greater Depth** Match the representations to the corresponding 4-digit numbers to find the odd one out. Some pictorial representations used. Multiple examples of unconventional partitioning within a number where the parts are not given in place value order.

##### **Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)**

**Developing** Explain whether a statement is true or false by partitioning 4-digit numbers. Includes pictorial representations where each number has been partitioned once. Some use of unconventional partitioning.

**Expected** Explain whether a statement is true or false by partitioning 4-digit numbers. Includes written representations with examples of unconventional partitioning within a number.

**Greater Depth** Explain whether a statement is true or false by partitioning 4-digit numbers. Multiple examples of unconventional partitioning used within a number where the parts are not given in place value order.

#### **More [Year 4 Place Value](#) resources.**

**Did you like this resource? Don't forget to [review](#) it on our website.**

# Partitioning

1. These diagrams should all show the same number. Tick the incorrect representation.

A.

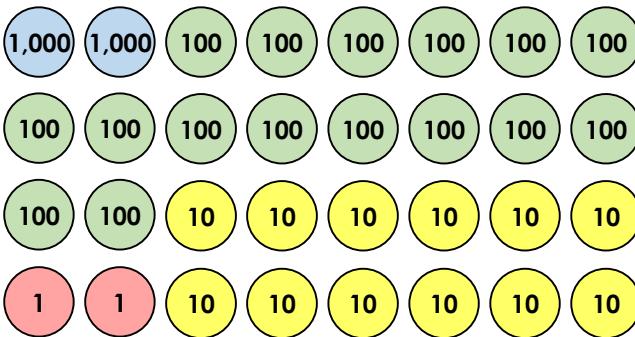
3,722

2 thousands

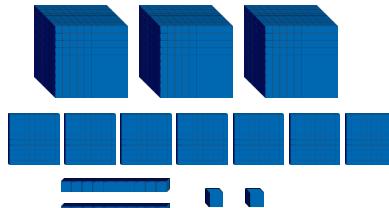
72 tens

2 ones

B.



C.



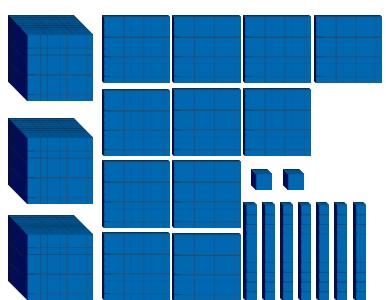
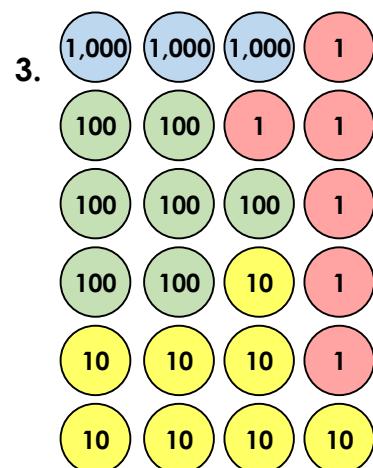
D

VF  
HW/Ext

2. Match the representations to the numbers to find the odd one out.

1.

2.



Th	H	T	O
O	O O		O O O O
O	O O		O O O O
O	O O		O O O O
O	O		O O O O

D

A. 3,786

B. 4,172

C. 4,712

D. 5,719

VF  
HW/Ext

3. Roger is partitioning the number 1,662. He says,



I can partition this number, using a bar model, in these two ways.

A.

1,662			
0 thousands	16 hundreds	6 tens	6 ones

B.

1,662		
1,000	600	62

Do you agree? Explain how you know.

D

RPS  
HW/Ext

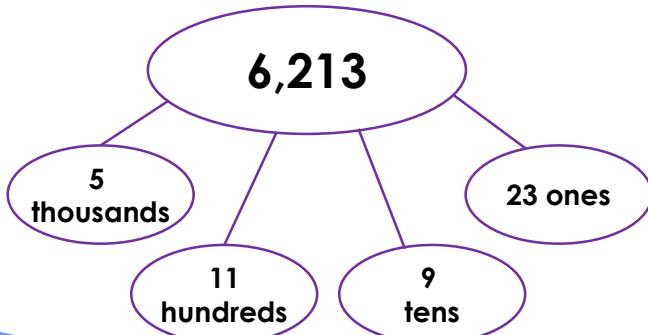
# Partitioning

4. These diagrams should all show the same number. Tick the incorrect representation.

A.

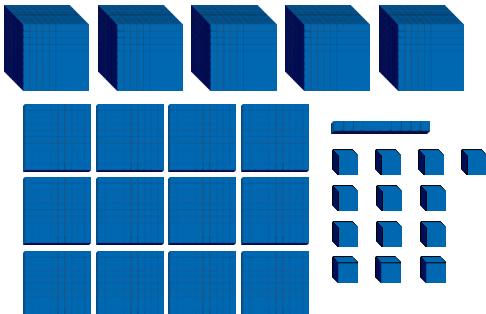
6,213			
6 thousands	2 hundreds	1 ten	3 ones

B.



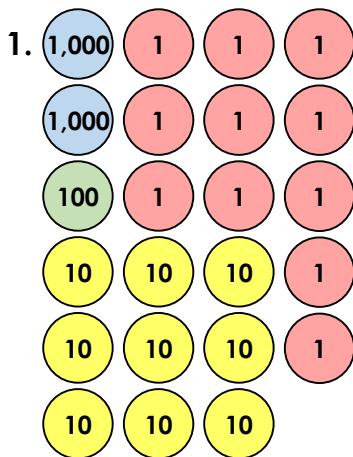
E

C.

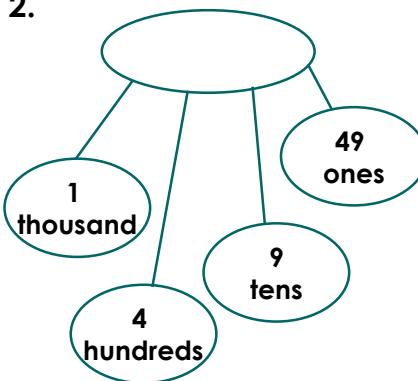


VF  
HW/Ext

5. Match the representations to the numbers to find the odd one out.



2.



3.

Th	H	T	O
○	○	○	○○
○	○	○	○○
○	○	○	○○
○	○	○	○○

E

A. 3,421

B. 5,128

C. 2,201

D. 1,539

VF  
HW/Ext

6. Genevieve is partitioning the number 2,073. She says,



I can partition this number as either two thousands and seventy-three hundreds or twenty hundreds and seventy-three ones.

Do you agree? Explain how you know.

E

RPS  
HW/Ext

# Partitioning

7. These diagrams should all show the same number. Tick the incorrect representation.

A.

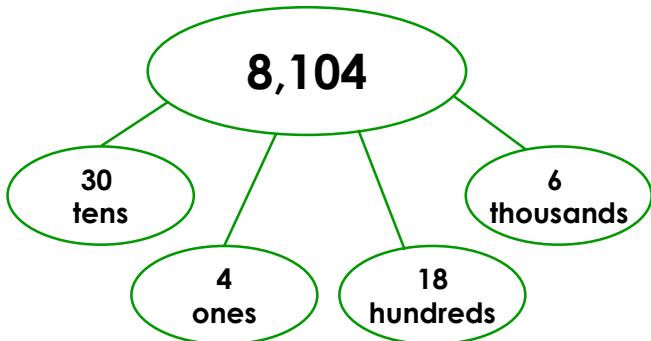
8,104

18 tens    19 hundreds    6 thousands    24 ones

B.

Th	H	T	O
7	9	9	14

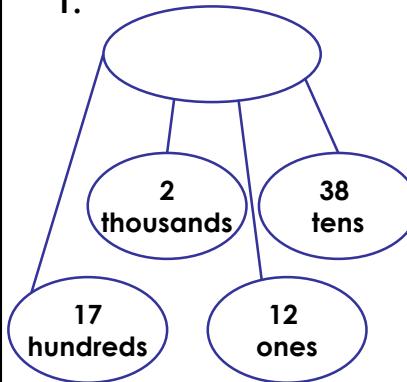
C.



VF  
HW/Ext

8. Match the representations to the numbers to find the odd one out.

1.



2.

Th	H	T	O
○	○○○	○	○○○○
○	○○○	○○	○○○○○

3.

2 thousands	12 ones	forty tens	20 hundreds
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A. 4,412

B. 4,092

C. 3,892

D. 4,056

VF  
HW/Ext

9. Gary is partitioning the number 5,104. He says,



I can partition this number in the following ways:

A.

one hundred and four ones, three thousands, ninety tens and eleven hundreds

B.

two thousands, twenty-four hundreds, sixty-seven tens and thirty-four ones

C.

6 tens, 80 ones and 50 hundreds

Do you agree? Explain how you know.



RPS  
HW/Ext

## Homework/Extension Partitioning

### Developing

1. Diagram A is incorrect, it shows 2722.
2. C is the odd one out.
3. Roger is incorrect because bar model A shows 1,666 which does not equal 1,662. Bar model B however shows 1,662 accurately.

### Expected

4. Diagram C is incorrect, it shows 6,223.
5. A is the odd one out.
6. Genevieve is incorrect because 2,073 cannot be partitioned as two thousands and seventy-three hundreds as that makes 9,300. Genevieve is correct however in saying that 2,073 can be partitioned as twenty hundreds and seventy-three ones.

### Greater Depth

7. Diagram B is incorrect, it shows 8,004.
8. C is the odd one out.
9. Gary is incorrect because on statement C,  $5,000 + 60 + 80 = 5,140$  which does not equal 5,104. Statements A and B however are both correct.