



## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS

**Pupils able to answer these standalone tasks independently demonstrate mastery in fluency.**

### Value of Digits A1

What is the value of the underlined digits in words?

**4,492**      **4,706**

### Value of Digits A2

What is the value of the underlined digits in words?

**1,475**      **6,046**

### Compare Numbers A1

4,729    4,792

### Compare Numbers A2

Which symbol is needed to compare the numbers?

1,227    1,027

### Order Numbers A1

Order the numbers, starting with the smallest.

5,214      1,738      2,037

### Order Numbers A2

Order the numbers, starting with the largest.

3,176      2,975      4,663





## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS

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### Find 1,000 More A1

1,000 more than 4,609 is \_\_\_\_\_

### Find 1,000 More A2

2,598 is 1,000 more than \_\_\_\_\_

### Find 1,000 Less A1

5,314 is 1,000 less than \_\_\_\_\_

### Find 1,000 Less A2

1,000 less than 7,135 is \_\_\_\_\_

### Negative Numbers (Counting) A1

Complete the sequence of negative numbers.

5, 3, 1, -1, \_\_\_, \_\_\_

### Negative Numbers (Counting) A2

Which number will appear in the sequence? -2, -5 or -7?

-10, -8, -6, \_\_\_, \_\_\_





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### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 10) A1

Round the number to the nearest **10**.

2,578

### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 10) A2

Round the number to the nearest **10**.

6,581

### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 100 / 1,000) A1

Round the number to the nearest **100** and **1,000**.

4,127

### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 100 / 1,000) A2

Round the number to the nearest **100** and **1,000**.

7,563

### Partitioning Numbers A1

$$4,897 = 4,000 + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

### Partitioning Numbers A2

$$8,000 + 500 + 60 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$$





## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS

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### Count in Multiples of 6 A1

Which number will appear in the sequence: 18, 20 or 22?

-6, 0, 6, 12, \_\_\_, 24

### Count in Multiples of 6 A2

Continue the sequence:

18, 24, \_\_\_, 36, \_\_\_, 48

### Estimating Numbers A1

Estimate the value of the arrow:



### Estimating Numbers A2

Estimate the value of the arrow:



### Roman Numerals A1

What is the value of the number?

XXI

### Roman Numerals A2

Calculate

$X + L =$





## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS

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### Count in Multiples of 7 A1

Which number is not a multiple of 7?

49, 77, 52

### Count in Multiples of 7 A2

Continue the sequence:

49, 42, 35, \_\_, \_\_

### Representing Numbers A1

Represent the number 4,372 in a bar model.

### Representing Numbers A2

Represent the number 3,241 using PV counters.

### Count in Multiples of 9 A1

Which numbers are multiples of 9?

18, 32, 36, 45, 47

### Count in Multiples of 9 A2

Continue the sequence:

18, 27, 36, \_\_, \_\_





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### Count in Multiples of 25 A1

Which number is a multiple of 25?

50, 35, 85

### Count in Multiples of 25 A2

Continue the sequence:

75, 100, 125, \_\_, \_\_

### Count in Multiples of 1,000 A1

Complete the sequence:

9,000, 8,000, \_\_, \_\_, 5,000

### Count in Multiples of 1,000 A2

Complete the sequence:

\_\_, \_\_, 5,000, 6,000, 7,000

### Number Problems (Compare Numbers) A1

Alfie and Jane were comparing savings. Alfie had £5,498 and Jane had £5,099. Use the correct symbols to show who had the most money saved.

### Number Problems (Compare Numbers) A2

Caleb and Marlon were in a race. Caleb ran 2,453m in two minutes and Marlon ran 2,576m. Use the correct symbols to show who ran the furthest.





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### Number Problems (Order Numbers) A1

Ranjit was completing his family tree and wrote the years his family were born. Order the years from the oldest to the youngest: 2011, 2001, 2003, 1977, 1978

### Number Problems (Order Numbers) A2

Jerry was saving to buy computer games. He bought the cheapest one first and the most expensive one last. What order did he pay? £49, £17, £37, £18

### Number Problems (Find 1,000 More) A1

Marlon and his family were visiting London. They had saved £500 but needed a further £1,000 so they could visit all the sights. How much did they need for the trip in total?

### Number Problems (Find 1,000 More) A2

Asha had a large family wedding coming up and she was making decorations. She had made 245 so far but needed to make 1,000 more. How many did Asha need altogether?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 6) A1

Millie was collecting egg cartons for Easter. She could make 6 Easter rabbits from one box but needed to make 30. How many egg boxes did she need in total?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 6) A2

Anita was counting the number spiders she spotted in the school playground. She counted 6 spiders in 5 minutes. How many legs did the spiders have altogether?





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### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 7) A1

Darcey needed to buy 7 cupcakes for her friends when they visited her house. Each cupcake was £2. How much did Darcey spend on cupcakes?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 7) A2

Asha was collecting models from a science magazine. It would take her 7 weeks to collect them all. If each magazine was £4, how much would it cost Asha?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 9) A1

Millie and Alfie were playing crazy golf. They had 9 holes to play and each hole took them 5 minutes. How long did it take them to play the game?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 9) A2

Jerry and Ranjit played cricket every Sunday. They each scored 9 runs before it began to rain and 9 more runs each after the rain stopped. How many runs did they make?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 25) A1

Anita and Jane were selling raffle tickets for the Summer Fair at school. They raised £25 each on the first day and £25 together on the second day. How much did they raise?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 25) A2

Marlon was collecting dinosaur cards. He saw special tins in the supermarket for £6 each. He spent £24. There were 25 cards in each tin. How many cards did Marlon buy?





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### Number Problems (Find 1,000 Less) A1

Marlon had saved his birthday money in his savings account for 5 years. He had £3,420 saved and spent £1,000 on a new laptop. How much did Marlon have left?

### Number Problems (Find 1,000 Less) A2

Jerry went shopping for some boots and trainers and spent £500. He spent £500 on computer games, too. How much did he have left from £1,235?

### Number Problems (Negative Numbers) A1

Alfie got up in the morning and looked out of the window. The ground was covered in snow. His room was  $5^{\circ}\text{C}$  but outside it was  $-3^{\circ}\text{C}$ . What is the difference in temperature?

### Number Problems (Negative Numbers) A2

Jane had £50 in her bank account. She lent Caleb £60 to buy some new clothes. How much did Jane have left in her account?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 1,000) A1

Millie and Ranjit were collecting 1,000s PV counters in class. Millie said she had more than Ranjit as she had 4 counters and he had 3. What was the total value of their counters?

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 1,000) A2

Caleb and Asha were in a swimming competition. They had to swim as far as they could in 60 minutes. Caleb swam 5,000m and Asha 4,000m. How far did they swim together?





## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS **ANSWERS**

**Pupils able to answer these standalone tasks independently demonstrate mastery in fluency.**

### Value of Digits A1

4,000      7,00

### Value of Digits A2

400      6,000

### Compare Numbers A1

$4,729 < 4,792$

### Compare Numbers A2

$1,227 > 1,027$

### Order Numbers A1

1,738      2,037      5,214

### Order Numbers A2

2,975      3,176      4,663



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## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS **ANSWERS**

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### Find 1,000 More A1

1000 more than 4609 is **5609**

### Find 1,000 More A2

2598 is 1000 more than **1598**

### Find 1,000 Less A1

5314 is 1000 less than **6314**

### Find 1,000 Less A2

1000 less than 7135 is **6135**

### Negative Numbers (Counting) A1

5, 3, 1, -1, **-3, -5**

### Negative Numbers (Counting) A2

-10, -8, -6, -4, **-2**





## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS **ANSWERS**

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### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 10) A1

2,580

### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 10) A2

6,580

### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 100 / 1,000) A1

4,127 to the nearest 100 = **4,100**

4,127 to the nearest 1,000 = **4,000**

### Rounding Numbers (Nearest 100 / 1,000) A2

7563 to the nearest 100 = **7,560**

7563 to the nearest 1,000 = **8,000**

### Partitioning Numbers A1

$4,897 = 4,000 + \mathbf{800} + \mathbf{90} + 7$

### Partitioning Numbers A2

$8,000 + 500 + 60 + 8 = \mathbf{8,568}$





## YR4 PROGRESSION IN MASTERY - PLACE VALUE ASSESSMENT STRIPS **ANSWERS**

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### Count in Multiples of 6 A1

-6, 0, 6, 12, **18**, 24

### Count in Multiples of 6 A2

18, 24, **30** 36, **42** 48

### Estimating Numbers A1

Greater than 1,600 but less than 1,700

### Estimating Numbers A2

Approximately 3,000

### Roman Numerals A1

21

### Roman Numerals A2

$X + L = LX = 60$





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### Count in Multiples of 7 A1

49, 77, **52**

### Count in Multiples of 7 A2

49, 42, 35, **28, 21**

### Representing Numbers A1

4372			
4,000	300	70	2

### Representing Numbers A2



### Count in Multiples of 9 A1

**18, 32, 36, 45, 47**

### Count in Multiples of 9 A2

18, 27, 36, **45, 54**





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### Count in Multiples of 25 A1

50, 35, 85

### Count in Multiples of 25 A2

75, 100, 125, 150, 175

### Count in Multiples of 1,000 A1

9,000, 8,000, **7,000, 6,000**, 5,000

### Count in Multiples of 1,000 A2

**3,000, 4,000**, 5,000, 6,000, 7,000

### Number Problems (Compare Numbers) A1

£5,498 > £5,099

### Number Problems (Compare Numbers) A2

2,453m < 2,576m





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### Number Problems (Order Numbers) A1

1977, 1978, 2001, 2003, 2011

### Number Problems (Order Numbers) A2

£17, £18, £37, £49

### Number Problems (Find 1,000 More) A1

$\text{£}500 + \text{£}1,000 = \text{£}1,500$

### Number Problems (Find 1,000 More) A2

$245 + 1,000 = 1,245$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 6) A1

$$6 \times 5 = 30$$

Millie needed 5 egg boxes.

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 6) A2

6 spiders each have 6 legs each.

$$6 \times 6 = 36 \text{ legs}$$





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### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 7) A1

$$7 \times £2 = £14$$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 7) A2

$$7 \times £4 = £28$$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 9) A1

$$9 \times 5 = 45$$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 9) A2

$$9 \times 4 = 36 \text{ runs}$$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 25) A1

$$£25 \times 3 = £75$$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 6) A2

$$4 \times £6 = £24 \text{ so } 100 \text{ cards.}$$





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### Number Problems (Find 1,000 Less) A1

$$\text{£3,420} - \text{£1,000} = \text{£2,420}$$

### Number Problems (Find 1,000 Less) A2

$$\text{£1,235} - \text{£1,000} = \text{£235}$$

### Number Problems (Negative Numbers) A1

8°C

### Number Problems (Negative Numbers) A2

$$\text{£50} - \text{£60} = -\text{£10}$$

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 1,000) A1

Millie had 4,000 and Ranjit had 3,000.

They had 7,000 altogether.

### Number Problems (Count in Multiples of 1,000) A2

$$5,000\text{m} + 4,000\text{m} = 9,000$$

